

# GCSE Boot Camp

## Higher Maths Week 8 Workbook

Questions



# GCSE Boot Camp

## Topics

***Congratulations, you've made it to the final week of your 8 Week GCSE Boot Camp!***

You've worked hard over 7 weeks on a range of different topics in your weekly Maths workbooks. Is there a topic you now feel more confident about that you were unsure of before? Write it down here to remind yourself of how far you've come!

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This week you have questions in your workbook on a range of topics that we've covered together throughout your boot camp. Plus this workbook also features some extra topics to challenge your knowledge.

Why not try sitting this workbook like a mini exam paper and track your progress. Set a timer, sit in a quiet room with no distractions or answers close by and make sure you only use a calculator on questions that are on the calculator paper.

Next week we'll send you the answers to this week's workbook and 2 expert video tutorials so you can mark your mini exam paper. Don't forget that for full access to all of the corresponding videos in this workbook [sign up for a SchoolOnline subscription from £8.99 a month.](#)

*This week's workbook includes questions on:*

- Algebra
- Geometry and Measures
- Number
- Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change
- Graphs



## Sample B Higher Calc Paper 3

9 Ibrar bought a house for £145 000

The value of the house depreciated by 4% in the first year.

The value of the house depreciated by 2.5% in the second year.

Ibrar says,

“ $4 + 2.5 = 6.5$  so in two years the value of my house depreciated by 6.5%”

(a) Is Ibrar right?

You must give a reason for your answer.

.....  
.....  
.....  
(2)

The value of Ibrar’s house increases by  $x\%$  in the third year.

At the end of the third year the value of Ibrar’s house is £140 000

(b) Work out the value of  $x$ .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....  
(3)

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

## November 2014 Higher Calc Paper 2

\*14 Peter has £20 000 to invest in a savings account for 2 years.

He finds information about two savings accounts.

### **Bonus Saver**

Compound interest

4% for the first year

then

1.5% each year

### **Fixed Rate**

Compound interest

2.5% each year

Peter wants to have as much money as possible in his savings account at the end of 2 years.

Which of these savings accounts should he choose?

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)

Percentages

**Sample A Foundation Calc Paper 3**

**9** Work out 234% of 150

.....  
**(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)**

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Powers and Roots

**June 2018 Higher Non-Calc Paper 1**

9 (a) Write down the value of  $36^{\frac{1}{2}}$

.....  
(1)

(b) Write down the value of  $23^0$

.....  
(1)

(c) Work out the value of  $27^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

.....  
(2)

**(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)**

Solving Equations

## June 2018 Higher Calc Paper 3

7 Solve  $\frac{5-x}{2} = 2x-7$

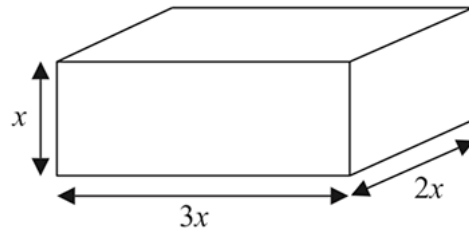
$x = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

Area

## Sample B Higher Non-Calc Paper 1

9 Here is a cuboid.



All measurements are in centimetres.

$x$  is an integer.

The total volume of the cuboid is less than  $900 \text{ cm}^3$

Show that  $x \leq 5$

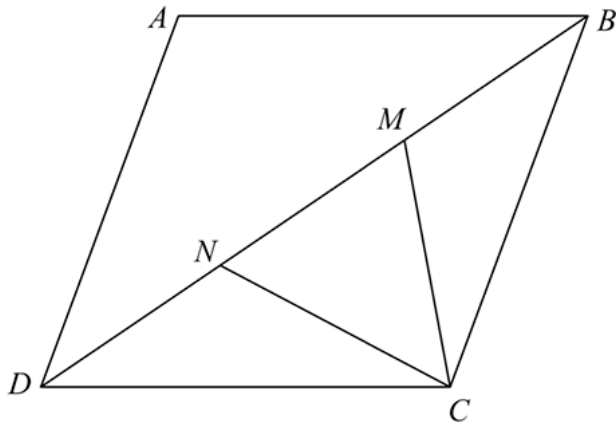
(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

Proof - Congruent Triangles



### Sample A Higher Calc Paper 3

13  $ABCD$  is a rhombus.



$M$  and  $N$  are points on  $BD$  such that  $DN = MB$ .

Prove that triangle  $DNC$  is congruent to triangle  $BMC$ .

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

Graphs

## November 2015 Higher Non-Calc Paper 1

12 (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 - 3x + 2$

$x$	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y$	6				2		12

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - 3x + 2$  for values of  $x$  from -1 to 5

(2)

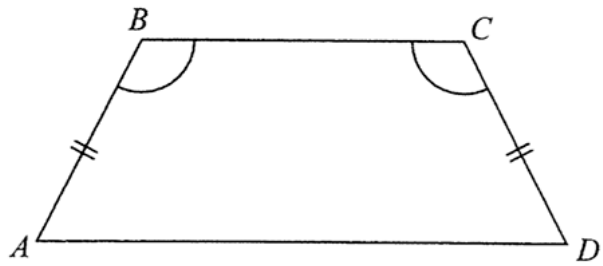


(c) Find estimates for the solutions of the equation  $x^2 - 3x + 2 = 4$

(2)

June 2017 Higher Non-Calc Paper 1

21  $ABCD$  is a quadrilateral.



$$AB = CD.$$

$$\text{Angle } ABC = \text{angle } BCD.$$

Prove that  $AC = BD$ .

## Recurring Decimals

### Sample B Higher Calc Paper 3

**19** Prove algebraically that the recurring decimal  $0.3\dot{1}\dot{8}$  can be written as  $\frac{7}{22}$

(Total for Question 19 is 2 marks)

Recurring Decimal

## Sample A Higher Calc Paper 2

15 Prove algebraically that the recurring decimal  $0.2\dot{5}$  has the value  $\frac{23}{90}$

(Total for Question 15 is 2 marks)

